# Accelerating Builds with Buck2



Neil Mitchell Programmer, Meta





### Buck2 is...

- A build system
- Developed and used by Meta
- Supports many languages (C++, Rust,
  - Python, Go, OCaml, Erlang...)
- Designed for large mono repos
- Open source <u>buck2.build</u>
  - github.com/facebook/buck2
- 2x as fast as Buck1 😎



\$ buck2 build //buck2:buck2 File changed: //buck2/app/buck2\_core/src/cells/paths.rs Network: Up: 2.4MiB 2.0MiB/s Down: 568B Command: build. Remaining: 138/27K. Ca

Command: build.Remaining: 138/27K. Cache hits: 72%. Time elapsed: 49.5s//buck2/app/buck2\_query:buck2\_query -- action (rustc metadata) [re\_execute + 1]2.4s//buck2/app/buck2\_events:buck2\_events -- action (rustc link) [re\_upload + 1]2.4s//buck2/app/buck2\_query:buck2\_query -- action (rustc link) [re\_upload + 1]2.4s//buck2/app/buck2\_test\_api:buck2\_test\_api -- action (rustc link) [re\_upload 0.2s + 1]0.4s//buck2/shed/more\_futures:more\_futures -- action (rustc link) [re\_upload 0.2s + 1]0.4s//buck2/app/buck2\_test\_api:buck2\_test\_api -- action (rustc link) [re\_upload 0.2s + 1]0.4s//buck2/app/buck2\_test\_api:buck2\_test\_api -- action (rustc metadata) [re\_upload 0.2s + 1]0.4s//buck2/app/buck2\_test\_api:buck2\_test\_api -- action (rustc metadata) [re\_upload 0.2s + 1]0.4s//buck2/app/buck2\_test\_api:buck2\_test\_api -- action (rustc metadata) [re\_upload 0.2s + 1]0.4s//buck2/shed/more\_futures:more\_futures -- action (rustc metadata) [re\_upload 0.2s + 1]0.4s//buck2/shed/more\_futures:more\_futures -- action (rustc metadata) [re\_upload 0.2s + 1]0.4s

//buck2:buck2 is a target, which depends on targets like
//buck2/app/buck2\_events:buck2\_events

# Targets

Written in Starlark, aka deterministic simple Python **# BUCK** rust\_binary( name = "buck2", srcs = ["bin/buck2.rs"], deps = [ "//third-party/rust:anyhow", . . . ],

### "//buck2/app/buck2\_events:buck2\_events",

### Core Rust

### Build graph

### APIs

### Starlark interpreter

- Profiling
- LSP/DAP
- Linter
- Typechecker

### Console output

Logging/events

### Performance!

- Parallelism
- Incrementality
- I/O
- Remote execution

### **Rules** Starlark

Rules from Meta are available, but you can write your own

### Libraries/binaries/tests

### Supports many languages

- C++
- Python
- Rust
- Erlang
- OCaml
- Go
- Haskell

• ...

Plus downloads, shell commands, aliases etc

API

### **Targets** Starlark

### Written by the user

### Rules

Specific to each project

Can use Starlark functions to abstract over common patterns

### **Faster!**

- 2x as fast as Buck1
- - more code 💻





### • Engineers whose builds were sped up by Buck2 often produced meaningfully

# Performance 1 of 5: Abstraction

Good APIs mean you can optimize the core, without rewriting the rules.

Starlark/Rust boundary is a strong abstraction. Requires good API design, powerful APIs. API should say what to do, but be insulated from how.

In Buck1, rules were written co-mingled with the core, prevented optimisations.

# Performance 2 of 5: Parallel + incremental

A single graph on which all computations live.

Computations are functions from keys to values, which may access the values of other keys. e.g. read a file, evaluate Starlark, run a command line

Those computations are run in parallel with dependency tracking. Some computations (e.g. read file) can get invalidated externally.

# Performance 3 of 5: Remote execution

Can run commands on an external server. **Reuse the Bazel Remote Execution API** 

★ CAS (Content Addressable Storage) maps hashes to files.  $\star$  Execution server takes a hash of command line plus input files, runs it, producing output hashes.

More parallelism - can spawn 1000's of compiles. More incrementality - execution server can also cache.

# Performance 4 of 5: Virtual files

I/O is expensive!

Intermediate files don't have to be downloaded if going remote. Just use hashes in memory, download final result.

Integrates with Eden file system (from Meta) backed by version control. Hash a file without having it locally.

Maybe one day: use a virtual file system for the output too.



# Performance 5 of 5: Avoid O(repo)

Big repo ⇒ O(repo)  $\cong$  O( $\checkmark$ )

Checking modtime of every file in the repo is too slow. Use inotify or Watchman (from Meta) to watch for changed files. Watchman also knows about Eden.

Store graph reverse-dependencies for fast invalidation.

Never scan the entire repo - just the subset you use.



# The good

- Powerful, fast, modern build system
- Actively developed
- Open source.
  - Diffs go upstream ~15 min
  - We accept PRs
  - Same as internal version (minus RE server)

## The bad

- hard!
- users

• Changing build system is

New - only a few external

 Some rules don't work open source yet (Java, iOS)

 Integration with package managers a bit weak

# Questions?

https://buck2.build

https://github.com/facebook/buck2



